Endovascular Atherectomy Should Be the First Choice in Treating Common Femoral Stenoses

Debate: FOR the motion

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Presenter: Leonard Tse

PRESENTER DISCLOSURE

*The views presented are *NOT* what I would advocate in clinical practice or on an examination*

I have no current relationships with commercial entities



Outline

- 1. What makes the CFA special
- Why Endo **should be** the 1st choice

Why Endo *isn't* the 1st choice, *yet*

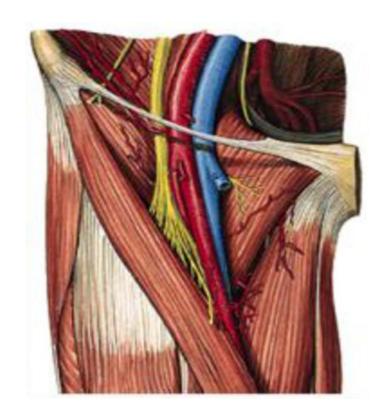
"Endovascular Atherectomy **Should** Be the First Choice in Treating Common Femoral Stenoses"

4. What needs to happen to get from "should be" to "is"



1. What makes the CFA special

Endovascular Issues

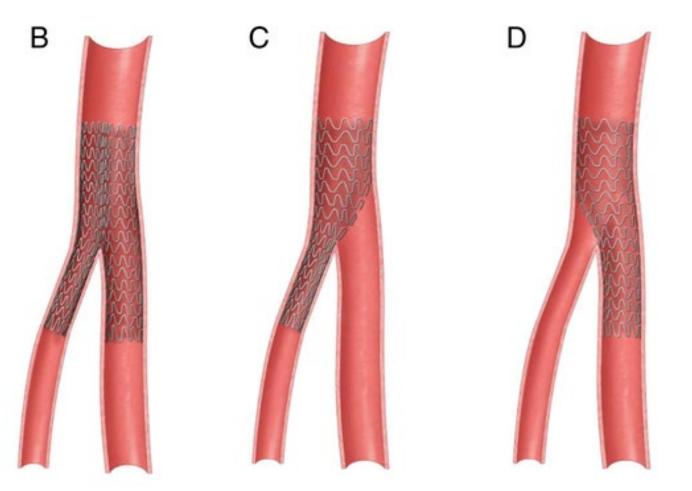


1. What makes the CFA special

Endovascular Issues

- Point of hip flexion
- Endo access site
- Importance of Profunda Femoris Artery (PFA)

• Typically calcific disease



1. What makes the CFA special



Surgical Issues

- Groin infections
- Wound separation
- Lymphatic leaks
- Edema/lymphedema

• Proximity of nerve (for redo)

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NSQIP

- Database study 2005-2010
- 1,900 endarterectomies
- Morbidity/mortality 15%
- Wound complications 8%
- Return to OR 10%
- Not a benign procedure

- Groin infections
- Wound separation
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TECCO trial

- Traitement des LEsions
 Atheromateuses de l'Artere
 Femorale Commune par
 Technique Endovasculaire
 Versus Chirugie Ouverte
 (TECCO)
- Prospective RCT
- Stent vs Surgery

- Morbidity & mortality @ 30d 26% surgery vs 12.5% stent
- LOS 3.2 days vs 6.3 days
- Similar clinical imprmt, patency, TLR at 24 m

Clear benefit:

- ↓ wound complications
- ↓ length of stay
- ↓ overall mortality



3. Why Endo isn't the 1st choice, yet

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3. Why Endo isn't the 1th choice, yet

Endovascular Issues

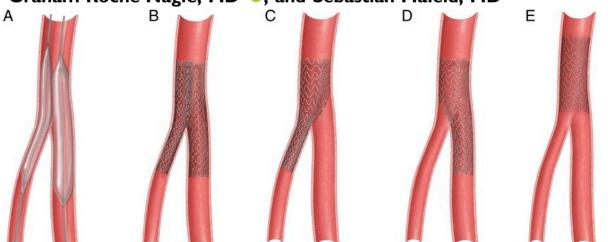
Point of hip flexion
 Endo access site
 Importance of Profunda
 Caging of Profunda Femoris Artery (PFA)
 Typically calcific disease
 Inadequate Rx, Restenosis

- Point of hip flexion
 Endo access site
 Loss of Access
- Importance of Profunda ——— Caging of Profunda Femoris Femoris Artery (PFA) — Artery (PFA)
- Typically calcific disease ---- Inadequate Rx, Restenosis

Original Article

SUPERA Stenting in the Common Femoral Artery: Early Experience and Practical Considerations

Mary Jiayi Tao, MD¹, Akshat Gotra, MD², Kong Teng Tan, MD¹, N₁ Graham Roche-Nagle, MD³, and Sebastian Mafeld, MD¹



- Stent Fractures
- Loss of Access
 - Caging of Profunda Femoris
 Artery (PFA)
- Inadequate Rx, Restenosis

Endovascular Issues

- Point of hip flexion Stent Fractures
- Endo access site Loss of Access
- Importance of Profunda ——— Caging of Profunda Femoris Femoris Artery (PFA) — Artery (PFA)
- Typically calcific disease ——• Inadequate Rx, Restenosis



- Stent Fractures
- Loss of Access
- Caging of Profunda Femoris Artery (PFA)
- Inadequate Rx, Restenosis

- Atherectomy
 - directional, orbital, rotational
 - embolic protection
- Intravascular Lithotripsy

• Drug-Coated Balloons

Resorbable stents

Endovascular Issues

- Stent Fractures
- Loss of Access
- Caging of Profunda Femoris Artery (PFA)

Inadequate Rx, Restenosis

EndovascularAtherectomy & Adjuvant Rx

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PESTO-CFA Trial

- Percutaneous intervention versus Surgery in the Treatment Of common femoral artery lesions
- Prospective Randomized Multicenter
- Non-inferiority study
- 306 participants
- De novo CFA stenosis
- Directional Atherectomy + DCB
- Primary endpoint clinically driven target lesion revascularization
- Primary safety death, MI, amputation, complications
- Secondary primary patency at 6 & 24 months, secondary patency change in ABI, cdtlr 6, 12, 24 months, QoL, major events.



EndovascularAtherectomy & Adjuvant Rx

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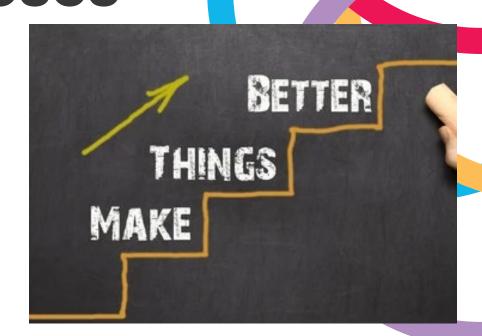
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Rebuttal

