

# Branched Endografts in the Treatment of Iliac Aneurysms

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# PRESENTER DISCLOSURE

**Presenter:** Ningzhi Gu

- I have no current relationships with commercial entities

# Iliac aneurysms are common

## **Endovascular Repair of Abdominal Aortic Aneurysms With Concomitant Common Iliac Artery Aneurysm: Outcome Analysis of the EUROSTAR Experience**

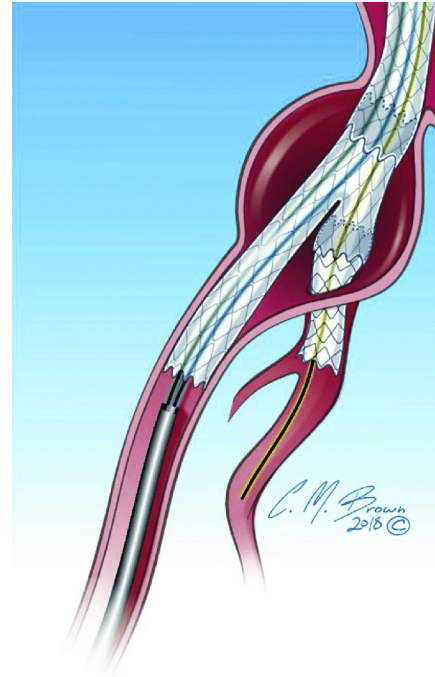
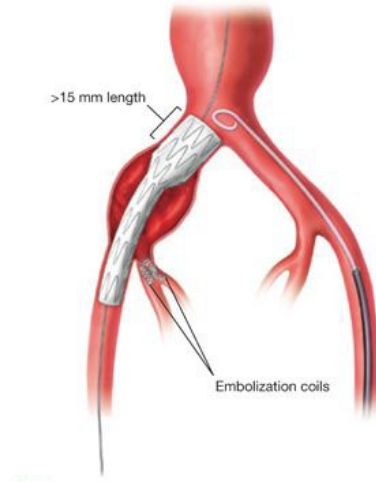
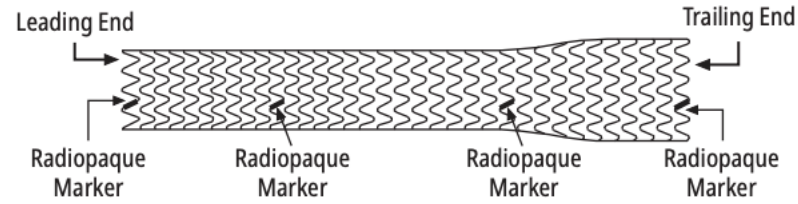
**Roel Hobo, MSc<sup>1</sup>; Johannes E.M. Sybrandy, MD<sup>1</sup>; Peter L. Harris, MD, FRCS<sup>2</sup>; and  
Jacob Buth, MD, PhD on Behalf of the EUROSTAR Collaborators**

<sup>1</sup>EUROSTAR Data Registry Centre, Catharina Hospital, Eindhoven, The Netherlands.

<sup>2</sup>EUROSTAR Secretary, Royal University Hospital, Liverpool, United Kingdom.



- 28% of 6286 patients who underwent endovascular AAA repair
- CIAA patients had more adverse outcomes
  - Limb occlusions
  - Type IB and II endoleaks
  - Reinterventions
  - Ruptures



# Systematic Review and Meta-analysis of the Effect of Internal Iliac Artery Exclusion for Patients Undergoing EVAR

D.C. Bosanquet <sup>a,\*</sup>, C. Wilcox <sup>a</sup>, L. Whitehurst <sup>a</sup>, A. Cox <sup>a</sup>, I.M. Williams <sup>a</sup>, C.P. Twine <sup>a,b</sup>, on behalf of the British Society of Endovascular therapy (BSET)



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**Table 1.** Table of pooled weighted mean results for patient outcomes.

Outcome		N patients	Weighted mean (%)	95% CI
Buttock Claudication	Overall	1979	27.8	27.1–28.6
	Immediately post-operatively	1057	31.7	30.7–32.7
	At subsequent follow-up (21.8 months)	1057	16.5	15.6–17.3
Erectile dysfunction	Overall	1091	10.2	9.4–10.9
Ischaemic bowel	Overall	1638	0.49	0.42–0.56
Pelvic/gluteal ischaemia	Overall	1385	0.51	0.41–0.62
Spinal ischaemia	Overall	1195	0.75	0.63–0.87

	Recommendations	Level/Class of Recommendation <sup>a</sup>	Quality/Level of Evidence <sup>b</sup>
Society for Vascular Surgery (SVS), 2018	1. We recommend preservation of flow to at least one internal iliac artery.	I	A
	2. We recommend using FDA-approved branch endograft devices in anatomically suitable patients to maintain perfusion to at least one internal iliac artery.	I	A
	3. We recommend staging bilateral internal iliac artery occlusion by at least 1 to 2 weeks if required for EVAR.	I	A
European Society for Vascular and Endovascular Surgery (ESVS), 2019	1. The threshold for elective repair of isolated iliac artery aneurysm (common iliac artery, internal iliac artery and external iliac artery, or combination thereof) may be considered at a minimum of 3.5 cm diameter.	IIb	C
	2. In patients with iliac artery aneurysm, endovascular repair may be considered as first-line therapy.	IIb	B
	3. Preserving blood flow to at least one internal iliac artery during open surgical and endovascular repair of iliac artery aneurysms is recommended.	I	B
	4. In patients where internal iliac artery embolization or ligation is necessary, occlusion of the proximal main stem of the vessel is recommended if technically feasible, to preserve distal collateral circulation to the pelvis.	I	C

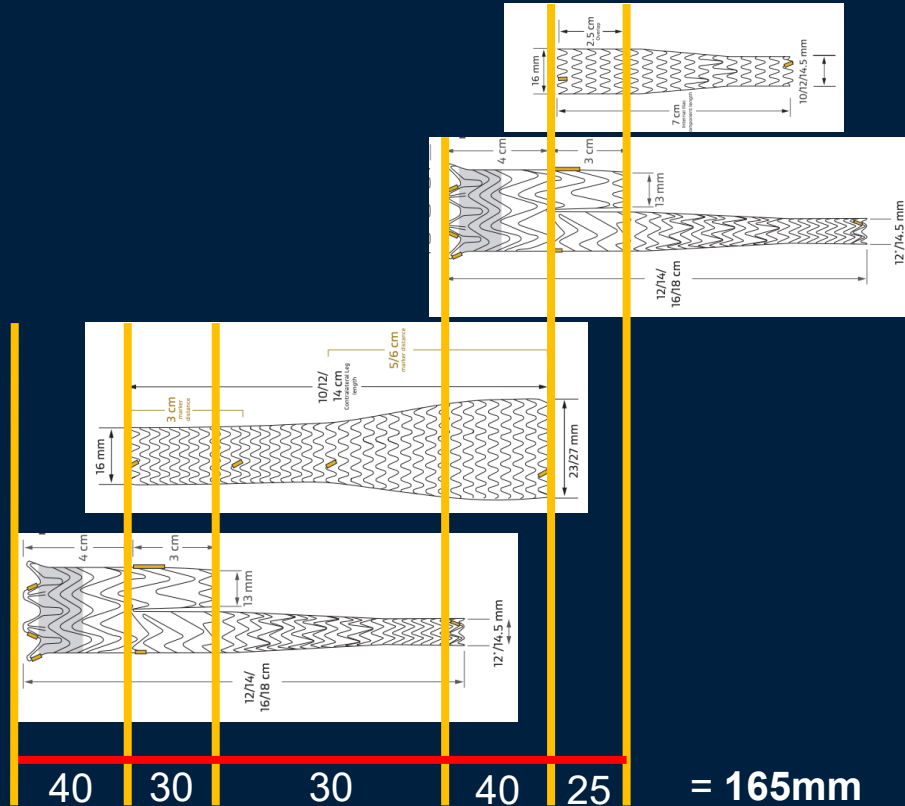




# Lengths

## Objectives:

1. Obtain a seal
2. Do not cover renal arteries
3. Bottom of Iliac branch component needs to open above iliac bifurcation



RENAL TO ILIAC BIFURCATION



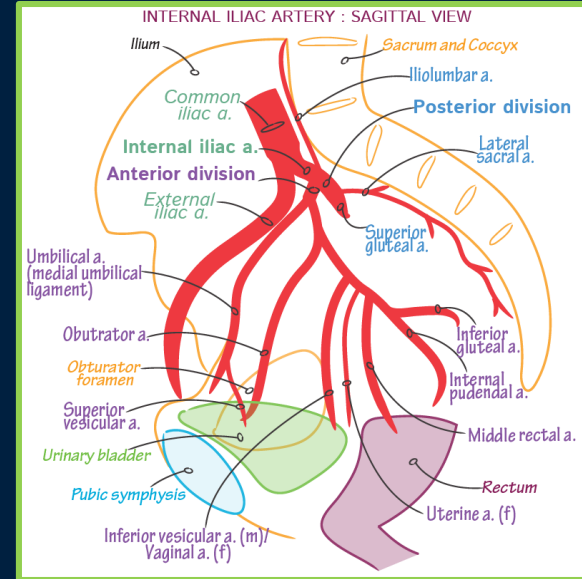
# Widths

1. Diameter of infrarenal aorta (>20mm, main body)
2. Diameter of common iliac (>17mm, iliac branch component)
3. Diameter of external iliac (6.5 – 25mm, contralateral limb)
4. Diameter of internal iliac (6.5 – 13.5mm, hypogastric limb)



# Technical challenges

- Excessive tortuosity
  - Kinks
  - Iliac pseudo-obstruction
- Inability to cannulate internal iliac
  - Branch malalignment
  - Ostial disease
- Perforations/dissections
  - Wire in posterior division of internal iliac

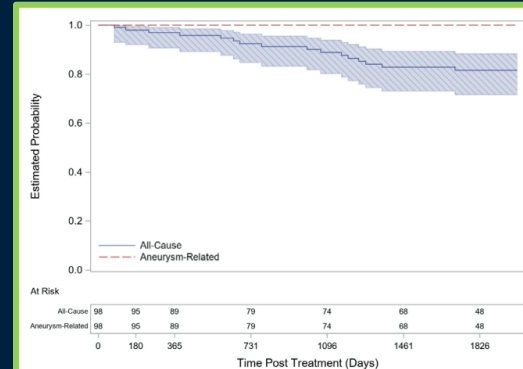


## Five-year outcomes from a prospective, multicenter study of endovascular repair of iliac artery aneurysms using an iliac branch device

Darren B. Schneider, MD,<sup>a</sup> Jon S. Matsumura, MD,<sup>b</sup> Jason T. Lee, MD,<sup>c</sup> Brian G. Peterson, MD,<sup>d</sup> Rabi A. Chaer, MD,<sup>e</sup> and Gustavo S. Oderich, MD, FACS,<sup>f</sup> *Philadelphia and Pittsburgh, PA; Madison, WI; Stanford, CA; Chesterfield, MO; and Houston, TX*

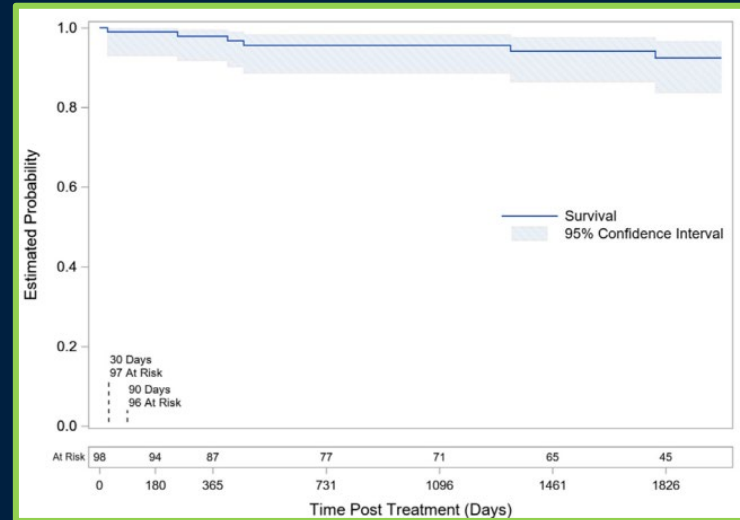


- IDE trial
- Prospective cohort
- 63 patients underwent placement of a single IBE
  - 36 were able to complete follow up
- No ruptures



**Fig 1.** Kaplan-Meier freedom from all-cause and aneurysm-related mortality. Estimates of freedom from all-cause mortality (solid blue line) and aneurysm-related mortality (dashed red line) with 95% confidence intervals (diagonal line and gray shading). Number of evaluable patients to >5 years shown along x-axis.

- 5-year patency of the external iliac branch was 100%
- 5-year patency of the internal iliac branch was 95%
- 5-year freedom from reintervention was 90%
  - 6 patients, 8 reinterventions
    - 5 – type 2 endoleak
    - 2 – external iliac
    - 1 – internal iliac
  - Endoleak in 38% of patients
    - 9 – type 2
    - 2 – indeterminate
  - CIA sac enlargement in 3.2%
  - AAA sac enlargement in 29%
  - No buttock claudication



## One Year Outcomes of an International Multicentre Prospective Cohort Study on the Gore Excluder Iliac Branch Endoprosthesis for Aorto-Iliac Aneurysms

Daphne van der Veen <sup>a</sup>, Suzanne Holewijn <sup>a</sup>, Raffaello Bellosta <sup>b</sup>, Steven M.M. van Sterkenburg <sup>a</sup>, Jan M.M. Heyligers <sup>c</sup>, Ilaria Ficarella <sup>d</sup>, Francisco J. Gómez Palonés <sup>e</sup>, Nicola Mangialardi <sup>f</sup>, Nilo J. Mosquera <sup>g</sup>, Andrew Holden <sup>h</sup>, Michel M.P.J. Reijnen <sup>a,i,\*</sup>, on behalf of the IceBERG Study Collaboration

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### Original Article

## Results of the Galician registry in the treatment of complex aortoiliac aneurysms with GORE® EXCLUDER® Iliac Branch Endoprosthesis (GALIBER)

Alba Méndez Fernández <sup>1</sup>, Jorge Fernández Noya<sup>1</sup>, Nilo J Mosquera Arochena<sup>2</sup>, Jorge Vidal Rey<sup>3</sup>, Pablo Calvin Álvarez<sup>4</sup>, Francisco José Franco Meijide<sup>5</sup>, and Rosa Villardefrancos Gil<sup>2</sup>

- Long term durability and need for reintervention (~10%), NOT branch patency (>95%), is the major shortcoming
- Frequently related to type 2 endoleaks (15 – 35%)



From the Vascular and Endovascular Surgery Society

## Gore Iliac Branch Endoprosthesis for treatment of bilateral common iliac artery aneurysms

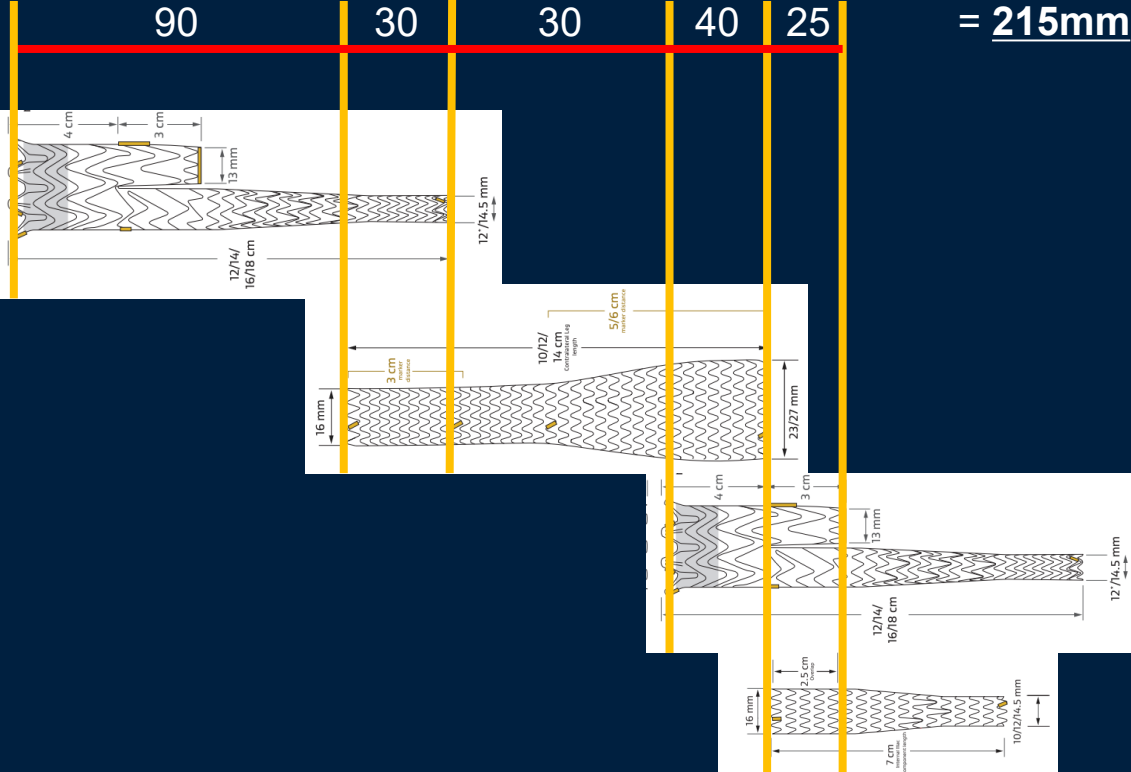


Thomas S. Maldonado, MD,<sup>a</sup> Nilo J. Mosquera, MD,<sup>b</sup> Peter Lin, MD,<sup>c</sup> Raffaello Bellosta, MD,<sup>d</sup> Michael Barfield, MD,<sup>a</sup> Albeir Moussa, MD,<sup>e</sup> Robert Rhee, MD,<sup>f</sup> Marc L. Schermerhorn, MD,<sup>g</sup> Jeffrey Weinberger, MD,<sup>h</sup> Marald Wikkeling, MD,<sup>i</sup> Jan Heyligers, MD,<sup>j</sup> Frank J. Veith, MD,<sup>a</sup> Ross Milner, MD,<sup>k</sup> and Michel P. J. Reijnen, MD,<sup>l</sup> on behalf of the Gore Bilateral IBE Study Group,\* *New York and Brooklyn, NY; Ourense, Spain; Los Angeles, Calif; Brescia, Italy; Charleston, WVa; Boston, Mass; Indianapolis, Ind; Drachten, Tilburg, and Arnhem, The Netherlands; and Chicago, Ill*



- European and American registry data after FDA approval
- 47 patients, mean follow up of 6.5 months
- 98% technical success
- 98% IIA patency
- 96% EIA patency
- No mortality or reintervention
- 30% type 2 endoleak rate

# Bilateral IBE



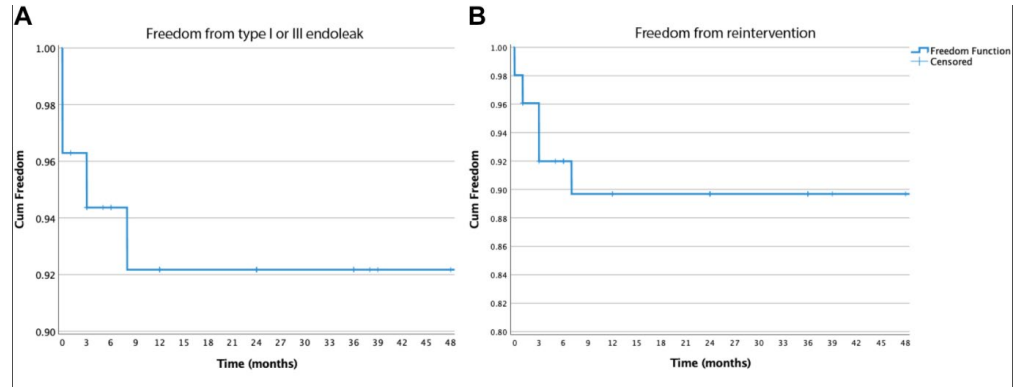
## Solitary iliac branch endoprosthesis placement for iliac artery aneurysms

[Fieke K. Oussoren, MD](#) <sup>a</sup> [✉](#) · [Thomas S. Maldonado, MD, PhD](#) <sup>b</sup> · [Michel M.P. J. Reijnen, MD, PhD](#) <sup>a,c</sup> · ... · [J. Wever, MD, PhD](#) <sup>t</sup> · [A. Wiersema, MD, PhD](#) <sup>u</sup> · [O.R.M. Wikkeling, MD, PhD](#) <sup>v</sup> ... [Show more](#)

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- 18 European and American centers
- 51 patients, 54 IAAs were excluded
- Median follow up of 36 months
- No aneurysm related mortality
- Branch patency of 98%
- Only 1 type 1A endoleak





## Use of Secondary Iliac Branch Devices after Previous Endovascular Abdominal and Thoraco-Abdominal Aortic Aneurysm Repair☆

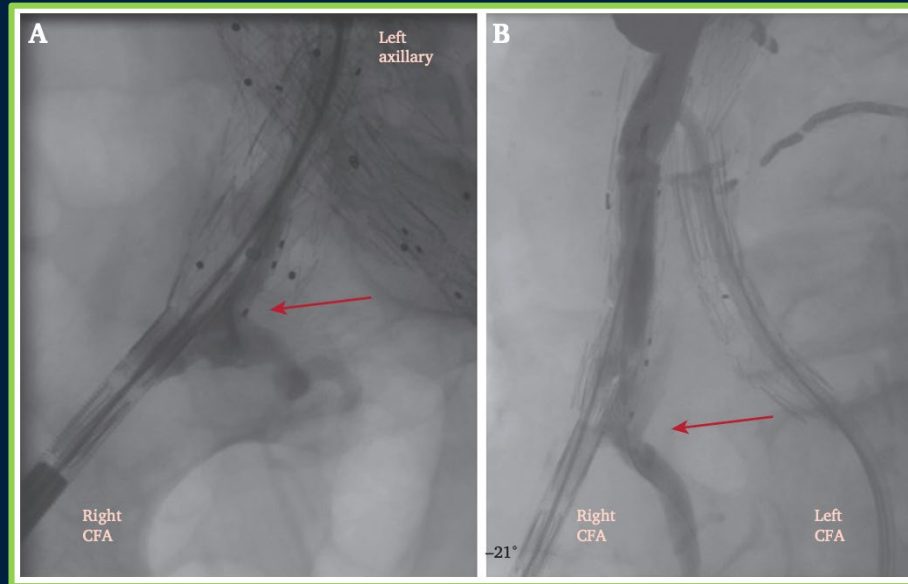
Paolo Spath <sup>a,b,1,\*</sup>, Yamel Cardona-Gloria <sup>c,1</sup>, Giovanni Torsello <sup>c</sup>, Enrico Gallitto <sup>b,d</sup>, Tugce Öz <sup>a</sup>, Efthymios Beropoulos <sup>c</sup>, Jan Stana <sup>a</sup>, Mauro Gargiulo <sup>b,d</sup>, Nikolaos Tsilimparis <sup>a</sup>

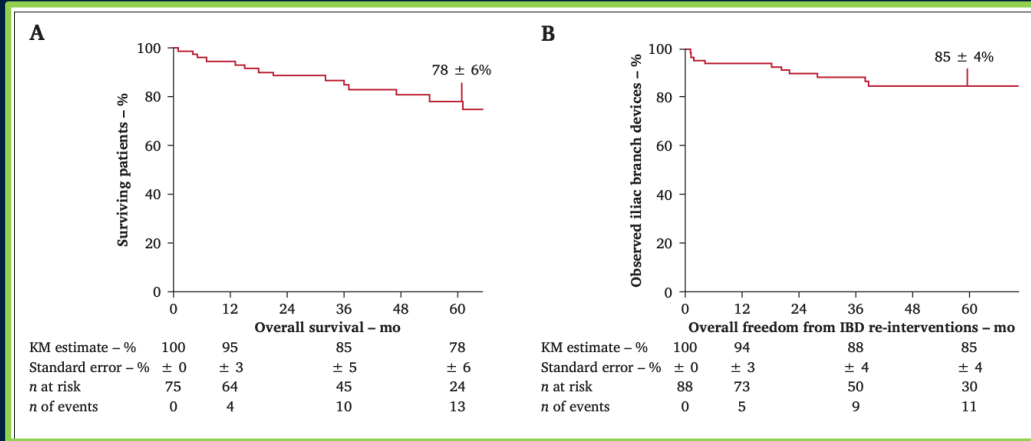
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- Mean follow up of 47 months
- Aortic specific mortality of zero
- 100% technical success



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